OpenAI ChatGPT 4.0 is Racially Ultra-WOKE

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March 23, 2023

DO Are there different "races" of humans?

The concept of race in humans is primarily a social construct rather than a biological one. Historically, people have categorized human populations into different races based on physical traits like skin color, hair type, and facial features. However, these classifications have been shown to be scientifically inaccurate and are not supported by genetics.

Modern genetic research has demonstrated that there is more genetic diversity within racial groups than between them. In fact, humans share about 99.9% of their DNA with each other, regardless of their racial or ethnic background. Genetic differences between human populations are generally minor and do not support the idea of distinct biological races.

Today, many scientists and anthropologists prefer to use the term "population" or "ancestry" to describe human groups with shared geographical origins or cultural connections. These terms emphasize the complex interplay between genetics, geography, culture, and history that shapes human diversity, rather than relying on an oversimplified concept of race.

It's essential to recognize the impact of the social construct of race on societies, as it has been historically used to justify discrimination, racism, and inequality. Understanding that race is not a scientifically valid concept is crucial in combating racism and promoting a more equitable and inclusive society.